

# THORN'S TRIAL WILL BEGIN THIS MORNING.

Elaborate Preparations Made by the Evening Journal to Describe the Scenes and Events in the Courtroom.

## CARRIER PIGEONS WILL CARRY PICTURES.

Telephone and Telegraph Wires Will Connect the Court Room with the Office of This Paper, and News Will Be Printed a Minute After It Is Sent.

All is in readiness in the Long Island woman "who let me do whatever I wanted City Court House for the opening this to." She held him in her lap all through



A GLIMPSE OF THE COURT ROOM.

## Court Room in Which Martin Thorn Will Be Tried and the Principal Figures in the Trial.

the chaplain's service and had the choir sing over and over her favorite hymn, "The Lord's Prayer," until Parker had learned it and was singing in with her. Mrs. Naeck had still another pleasure in a visit from her cousin, "Manny" Friend, whom she had not seen for many years. She chatted away with him like a magpie and loaded him down with a dozen yards of the intricate lace she is continually making.

"I never saw Mrs. Naeck in such good health," said the "Manny" friend. "For example, she said she had read the marriage of my 'ward' Maria Barbeli and wanted me to take her congratulations over. I said I don't know and she then said, 'I see by the papers that you didn't kiss the bride. I hope you won't treat me that way if I get married again.'"

"I believe that the Thorn trial will take at least six weeks," said Mr. Friend, "and I shall come over every day to watch out for all that affects Mrs. Naeck. I shall see by the papers that you didn't kiss the bride. I hope you won't treat me that way if I get married again."

"I have done all I could to make every body connected with the trial comfortable in the limited quarters of our court room. I shall take every precaution to see that they are not crowded by mere spectators. I shall be glad to help the Journal further if I can in any way, for the work it has done in this case is worthy of every body's commendation."

The paper which for four days denied the Journal's identification of Goldenstoppel's body, and has since, in order to get up with the procession, been evolving such "boats" as the "head" of the head of the murderers in a spot they had never visited, had a four-months-old bear yesterday. It told how in last July a Mr. Whalen, now doing his third term in Sing Sing, and overheard while in the Tombs, Thorn confess to his lawyer, Mr. Howe. Every day he told how he had offered in consideration for a lighter sentence to testify to what he said he heard, but as District Attorney O'Grady refused to listen to him and he went up the river on full sentence, it was not deemed worthy of printing.

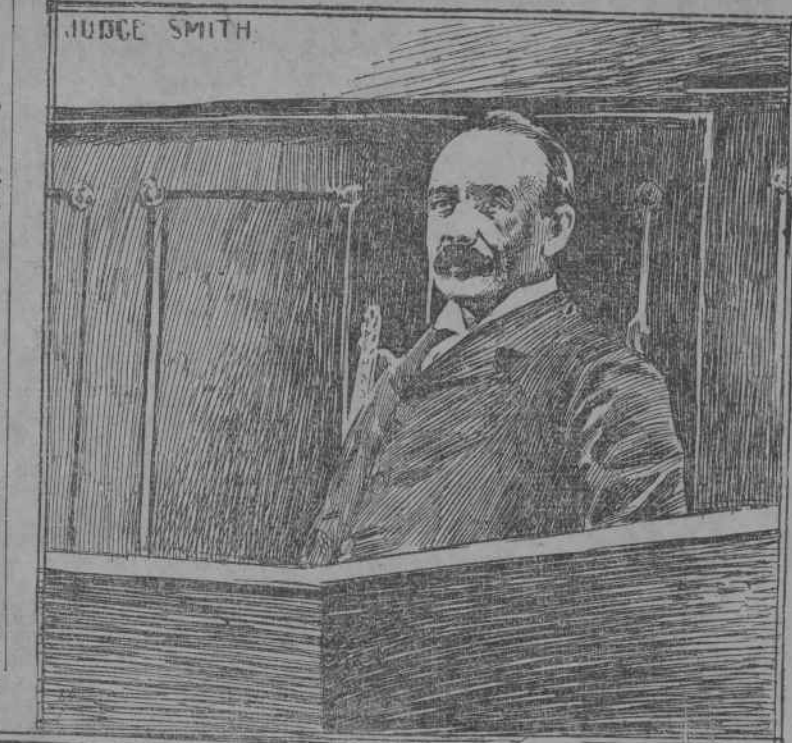
District Attorney Youngs said last night: "I know about Whalen's story last July, but would not take it then any more than I shall take it now. Even if his evidence were true, it would be unnecessary corroboration of the evidence the Journal has furnished."

The "beat" of yesterday Mr. Whalen said: "I guess I will not go on the stand. His deposition is correct."

Lawyer Howe, who spent all day at his home in Westchester going over the case, said: "I'm too busy to discuss such nonsense. Do you suppose a man of my experience is going to hold a confidential interview with a clear so that anybody can hear it? How long will the trial last? I believe any man in view of the widespread interest in this ending of the Goldenstoppel tragedy, Thorn's fate largely rests in of importance. Justice Wilmet M. Smith, of the Supreme Court bench, is forty-five years old, and was born in Suffolk County (1873), and has been in active practice since 1875. He was elected District Attorney of Queens County in 1884, re-elected in 1887, and in 1889 was elected County Judge. He was made Supreme Court Justice in 1895, and his term ends this year. He is a man of stern character and great dignity, and is especially quick and accurate in his decisions. There will be little chance given for legal squabbling and delay in the coming trials."

District Attorney William J. Youngs is one year older than Justice Smith, and is a classmate and lifelong friend of his. He was also an honor man at Cornell, class of 1872. He was in general practice from 1872 until last year, when he was elected to the District Attorneyship. He has twice been a member of the Assembly, and for six years was chairman of the Republican County Committee.

William F. Howe, is the Nestor of the New York criminal bar, and has more hard won cases to his credit than any other man in the country. He loves best au



JUDGE SMITH.



DIST. ATTORNEY YOUNGS.

## COOK AND CREW IN JAIL.

The Olive Pecker Prisoners Are Transferred from the U. S. S. Lancaster to Norfolk's Prison.

Norfolk, Va., Nov. 7.—A tug brought to this city this morning the six Olive Pecker prisoners from the United States ship Lancaster. Deputy United States Marshal Cross and a strong guard had charge of the batch.

Immediately after reaching the jail, Anderson, the cook, for himself and his fellows, secured P. J. Morris, formerly of New York, to conduct the defense. By order of District Attorney White no one is allowed to see the men.

## CHINAMEN AT THE TARGETS.

Arrested for Turning Bronx Park Into a Revolver Range.

Patrolman Mooney heard pistol firing in the Bronx Park on Saturday. It surprised him, but his wonder grew greater when he saw that the marksmen were four Chinamen who were shooting at a target. He arrested the lot. They were Ho Sing, of

Adams Street, the Democrat

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

Two Murderers Caught.

John Parker, Who Killed His Wife, and George Walker, Who Slew Willard, Arrested at Pittsburg.

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

Two Murderers Caught.

John Parker, Who Killed His Wife, and George Walker, Who Slew Willard, Arrested at Pittsburg.

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

Two Murderers Caught.

John Parker, Who Killed His Wife, and George Walker, Who Slew Willard, Arrested at Pittsburg.

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

Two Murderers Caught.

John Parker, Who Killed His Wife, and George Walker, Who Slew Willard, Arrested at Pittsburg.

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

Two Murderers Caught.

John Parker, Who Killed His Wife, and George Walker, Who Slew Willard, Arrested at Pittsburg.

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

Two Murderers Caught.

John Parker, Who Killed His Wife, and George Walker, Who Slew Willard, Arrested at Pittsburg.

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

Two Murderers Caught.

John Parker, Who Killed His Wife, and George Walker, Who Slew Willard, Arrested at Pittsburg.

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

Two Murderers Caught.

John Parker, Who Killed His Wife, and George Walker, Who Slew Willard, Arrested at Pittsburg.

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

Two Murderers Caught.

John Parker, Who Killed His Wife, and George Walker, Who Slew Willard, Arrested at Pittsburg.

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

Two Murderers Caught.

John Parker, Who Killed His Wife, and George Walker, Who Slew Willard, Arrested at Pittsburg.

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

Two Murderers Caught.

John Parker, Who Killed His Wife, and George Walker, Who Slew Willard, Arrested at Pittsburg.

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

Two Murderers Caught.

John Parker, Who Killed His Wife, and George Walker, Who Slew Willard, Arrested at Pittsburg.

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

Two Murderers Caught.

John Parker, Who Killed His Wife, and George Walker, Who Slew Willard, Arrested at Pittsburg.

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

Two Murderers Caught.

John Parker, Who Killed His Wife, and George Walker, Who Slew Willard, Arrested at Pittsburg.

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

Two Murderers Caught.

John Parker, Who Killed His Wife, and George Walker, Who Slew Willard, Arrested at Pittsburg.

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

Two Murderers Caught.

John Parker, Who Killed His Wife, and George Walker, Who Slew Willard, Arrested at Pittsburg.

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

# BANDITS ROB, THEN WRECK A TRAIN.

Eight Men Hold Up a Santa Fe Pacific Express in New Mexico.

## RUN OFF WITH CARS.

After Blowing Up the Express Safe They Reverse the Engine and Send Them Back.

Santa Fe, N. M., Nov. 7.—Eight men stopped the Santa Fe Pacific east-bound express last night near Grant's Station, in Valencia County, about eighty-eight miles west of Albuquerque. They uncoupled the express, baggage and two mail cars from the train, and leaving the engineer and fireman with the passenger cars, ran the engine, with the cars they had uncoupled, to a point about a mile and a half from the rest of the train. There they blew open the safe with dynamite, taking all the cash in the car.

They rifled the mail cars and then reversed the engine, sending the part of the train they had detached back at a rapid rate. Fortunately for the passengers, the trainmen heard the approaching engine and cars in time to get all of the passengers off the train before the crash came. Some of the cars were telescoped and the wreck took fire, destroying the baggage, mail and express cars, with their contents. None of the passengers or trainmen was hurt.

When the train was stopped it was covered on both sides with shotguns. One of the porters thought that the train had been stopped to put off traps, and went out on the platform to see what was the matter. The first thing he saw was a shotgun pointing at him at close range, and he lost no time in getting back into the car.

The robbers are undoubtedly the remnants of the notorious Black Jack gang, which has been holding up trains, robbing stage coaches, post offices and stores in New Mexico and Arizona for the past fourteen months. The first member of the gang to die was killed a year ago by Deputy Marshal H. V. Loomis, about thirty miles from the place where the train was held up last night. This hold-up was not successful.

No information has been received here as to which direction the robbers have taken, but Marshal Forkner is of the opinion that they have gone into Arizona, probably in the vicinity of St. Johns. The marshal left tonight for the south, and will endeavor to intercept them in their flight. No information can be obtained from either the railroad or express officials as to the amount secured by the robbers, but it is believed to be very large.

## TWO MURDERERS CAUGHT.

John Parker, Who Killed His Wife, and George Walker, Who Slew Willard, Arrested at Pittsburg.

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

Two Murderers Caught.

John Parker, Who Killed His Wife, and George Walker, Who Slew Willard, Arrested at Pittsburg.

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

Two Murderers Caught.

John Parker, Who Killed His Wife, and George Walker, Who Slew Willard, Arrested at Pittsburg.

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

Two Murderers Caught.

John Parker, Who Killed His Wife, and George Walker, Who Slew Willard, Arrested at Pittsburg.

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

Two Murderers Caught.

John Parker, Who Killed His Wife, and George Walker, Who Slew Willard, Arrested at Pittsburg.

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

Two Murderers Caught.

John Parker, Who Killed His Wife, and George Walker, Who Slew Willard, Arrested at Pittsburg.

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

Two Murderers Caught.

John Parker, Who Killed His Wife, and George Walker, Who Slew Willard, Arrested at Pittsburg.

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

Two Murderers Caught.

John Parker, Who Killed His Wife, and George Walker, Who Slew Willard, Arrested at Pittsburg.

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

Two Murderers Caught.

John Parker, Who Killed His Wife, and George Walker, Who Slew Willard, Arrested at Pittsburg.

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

Two Murderers Caught.

John Parker, Who Killed His Wife, and George Walker, Who Slew Willard, Arrested at Pittsburg.

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

Two Murderers Caught.

John Parker, Who Killed His Wife, and George Walker, Who Slew Willard, Arrested at Pittsburg.

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

Two Murderers Caught.

John Parker, Who Killed His Wife, and George Walker, Who Slew Willard, Arrested at Pittsburg.

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

Two Murderers Caught.

John Parker, Who Killed His Wife, and George Walker, Who Slew Willard, Arrested at Pittsburg.

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

Two Murderers Caught.

John Parker, Who Killed His Wife, and George Walker, Who Slew Willard, Arrested at Pittsburg.

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

Two Murderers Caught.

John Parker, Who Killed His Wife, and George Walker, Who Slew Willard, Arrested at Pittsburg.

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

Two Murderers Caught.

John Parker, Who Killed His Wife, and George Walker, Who Slew Willard, Arrested at Pittsburg.

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

Two Murderers Caught.

John Parker, Who Killed His Wife, and George Walker, Who Slew Willard, Arrested at Pittsburg.

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

Two Murderers Caught.

John Parker, Who Killed His Wife, and George Walker, Who Slew Willard, Arrested at Pittsburg.

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

Two Murderers Caught.

John Parker, Who Killed His Wife, and George Walker, Who Slew Willard, Arrested at Pittsburg.

Defectives Brown and Mulcare will ar

Two Murderers Caught.

# SEÑOR CASTELAR, OF SPAIN, IMPUGNS M'KINLEY'S COURAGE.



Spanish General Attacks the Cuban Note From the United States.

Sarcastically Refers to the Administration's Offers of Friendly Offices.

Admits That Spain Has Been Warned That She Has to Fear the Action of the United States Congress in Recognizing Cuba's Belligerency.

By Frank Marshall White.

(Copyright, 1897, by W. R. Hearst.)

Madrid, Nov. 7.—Castelar has written for the Spanish provincial papers an article on the international relations of Spain with the United States. The important paragraphs say:

"Among other things Minister Woodford says that the American Executive will never abandon the policy maintained by Cleveland, who always refused to sanction declarations regarding Cuba which part of the Senate and Congress endeavored to impose on him. His note also says that as long as a declaration of belligerency depends on the Executive, the President will maintain our international rights, and will not acknowledge as belligerents people who are simply rebels."

## Warned About Congress.

"But, after these declarations, so clear and expressive, the note declares that the Executive is not the only power in America, and that by means of a joint resolution Congress has the power to force the hand of the President regarding Cuban affairs."

"To prevent Congress from doing this," the article continues, "the American Government has asked Spain to shorten the war in Cuba and to fix a date for its termination if possible. After and before that the American note insists on the principle of intervention, tendering the good offices of the United States for ending the war."

## Castelar's Great Influence.

Considering the authority of Castelar and his intimate friendship and large influence with Tetuan and Sagasta, his statements are very important as being surely true. The general tone of the article seems to sarcastically impugn the courage of the McKinley Administration to deal with the Cuban question single handed.

## Commenting further, Castelar says:

### Accuses Our Government of Complicity.

"In offering mediation the American Government avows its complicity with the Cuban rebellion, and offers what it cannot possibly fulfil. The American note, as a whole, is a piece of great insolence. We cannot admit principles it contains."

"If the right of intervention in other nations' affairs was recognized we would go back to the Middle Ages. The American note complains of the damages suffered by American commerce and American interests through the war in Cuba. Every country and every commerce are exposed to such risks."

"Almost continuous insurrections in Ireland, conflicts between Italy and Austria, agitations which for many years were alive in France, Spain and Italy; the last European wars of the present century, damaged surely the commerce and interests of other nations, but none of them pretended to take it as a pretext for intervening directly or indirectly in other nations' affairs."

## Italian Lynchings Dragged In.

"If the right of intervention was acknowledged we would ask the United States to explain the municipal scandals of New York, the wholesale murder of Italians, the lynching of negroes, the continual insurrections of the Indians and their fast disappearance from the surface of the earth."

"A one-day guest at the Park Avenue Hotel went suddenly insane yesterday afternoon, and it required the efforts of three of the hallboys to restrain him from throwing himself out of the window of his room on the second floor. It took eight men to land him in a Bellevue Hospital ambulance, and it required the strength of ten hospital attendants and policemen to remove him from the ambulance into the hospital."

"A Fortune, Saranac Lake," is what he scrawled in the register of the hotel yesterday before breakfast. He had just come in on a train and went directly to the hotel. After breakfast he smoked a cigar, but kept noticeably to himself. He paced the corridor for nearly an hour and attracted the attention of the clerk by his actions. It was 1 o'clock in the afternoon when he retired to his room. Within a few minutes one of the hallboys dashed down to the clerk's desk, all out of breath, and exclaimed:

"He's doing something! Hear it! Hear it!"

The hallboy had observed his strange conduct in the near the man's room when he entered it.

Every one rushed to the second floor, the door was thrown open just in time. The window was raised, and the man was half seated, half leaning on the sill. When he saw the invaders he became frantic and struggled fiercely. But he was overpowered.

Dr. Hoyt arrived with an ambulance from Bellevue Hospital, and after he was safely landed in the hospital Dr. Robinson, the insanity expert, tried to examine him. The man could not be induced to submit to an examination and was temporarily placed in the alcoholic ward.

He raved about some big trial that was to take place. Nothing definite or substantial about any trial could be gotten from him.

In his pockets were \$55 in bills, a gold watch and chain and an Odd Fellows' badge.

Were You Unfortunate

In not being represented in the Sunday Journal "Want" Supplement yesterday? Your neighbor didn't get left—and not in getting business either.

Beware of harmful substitutes and adulterated coffee sold for Cereal Coffee under the same fetching name. Genuine packages have red seals thereon and the words, "It makes red blood."

## LAIMBEER DECLARES WAR ON PLATT.

I HAVE been importuned by friends to be a candidate for Speaker of the Assembly. I have concluded to stand, and hope to be elected. The demands that I shall stand come from people and members of the Assembly throughout the State, where there has been a revolt against Senator Platt and his associates. I expect to get support from members who believe in the right of individual legislators to think and act according to the dictates of their own consciences, and not because of the dictation of Platt or any other boss.

It is apparent that Senator Platt cannot organize the Assembly without the co-operation of Democrats, or of members nominated, endorsed and elected by the Citizens' Union. This creates an opportunity for opponents of boss domination to unite and organize it themselves.

While I am a Republican, I am willing to accept such support as may be offered, no matter whence it comes, provided that no pledges are exacted other than that I shall discharge the duties of Speaker with an eye single to the interests of the people of the State. Furthermore, it must be understood that I shall in no way be subservient to Senator Platt or any other political boss, either in the office for which I am a candidate or in the treatment of such measures as may be submitted to the Legislature.

FRANCIS E. LAIMBEER.

No. 35 Bayard street; Won Lung, Sing Sons, of No. 215 Third avenue, and Charley Shu, of No. 229 Henry street.

The prisoners said that they started from the city for an afternoon's outing, taking their pistols with them for target practice. They had gone uptown on the trolley cars and, not knowing they were in a public park, had gone among the trees to try their pistols.

Magistrate Shims, in Morrisania Court, fined them each \$5 and confiscated their pistols.

Speaker O'Grady was closeted for two hours with Senator Platt yesterday at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. He was supposed to have returned to Rochester, but he suddenly appeared in Senator Platt's apartments. The two discussed the attempt to combine the anti-machine members on an anti-machine candidate for Speaker. The Speaker seemed to be alarmed, for some of the answers to his note requesting pledges of support had been returned unopened, while others contained the very positive statement that the writer would either vote for an anti-Platt candidate or be a candidate himself.

After the Speaker had received renewed assurances from Senator Platt that all the power of the machine would be yielded to land him, the Speaker departed and went over to Brooklyn. Before going he expressed himself very confident of re-election, claiming that the organization would have a clear majority sure to unite upon the organization candidate.

While in Brooklyn Speaker O'Grady saw Lieutenant-Governor Woodcock, Chairman Jesse Frost, of the Kings County Republican General Committee, and other machine leaders. They told him that he was certain to have four of the five members from Kings, but he was advised to promise desirable chairmanships, particularly to Messrs. Marshall, Brennan and De Graw. The Speaker was also informed that Mr. Brennan could not be hauled away from the anti-Platt combination by anything less than the certainty of the chairmanship of the Committee on Cities. This is being reserved for George C. Austin in case he wins his contest, but O'Grady seemed ready to promise almost anything for the sake of making sure of annulling the anti-Platt combine. Mr. O'Grady may remain over today for a further canvass.

S. Fred Nixon, of Chautauque, who came here on Saturday with a delegation from his Congressional district, which urged Senator Platt to endorse him for Speaker, returned home last night. He and O'Grady are said to have patched up their differences, and Nixon has been promised his old place as chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means, carrying with it the floor leadership, in case he throws what support he can to O'Grady for Speaker.

Mr. Nixon, before going home, declared that he had not decided whether he should be a candidate for Speaker. "The thing is in process of fermentation," he added.

Francis E. Laimbeer, Anti-Platt Candidate for Speaker of the Assembly.

Francis E. Laimbeer, Anti-Platt Candidate for Speaker of the Assembly.